Interim consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021 (unaudited) and December 31, 2020 (audited) and for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Interim consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.

Contents

Interim consolidated financial statements

Interim consolidated statements of financial position
Interim consolidated statements of income
Interim consolidated statements of comprehensive income
Interim consolidated statements of changes in equity

Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements

Interim consolidated statements of cash flows

Interim consolidated statements of financial position

As of March 31, 2021 (unaudited) and December 31, 2020 (audited)

	Note	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)		Note	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Assets			, ,	Liabilities and equity		,	
Current assets				Current liabilities			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	19,557	19,987	Trade payables	14	49,362	64,021
Investments at fair value through equity	5	217,593	194,456	Other liabilities	15	31,915	57,715
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	6	108,715	149,334	Accounts payable to related parties	26	712	411
Trade receivables, net	7	38,080	35,060	Current portion financial obligations	17	101,682	101,003
Other receivables	8	4,373	6,590	Lease liability	16	4,077	3,570
Accounts receivables from related parties	26	38,554	43,497	Total current liabilities	_	187,748	226,720
Prepaid expenses	9	6,384	402		_		
Recoverable taxes	10	13,076	8,583	Non-current liabilities			
Total current assets	_	446,332	457,909	Trade payables	14	5,097	5,495
	_			Other liabilities	15	14,655	15,546
				Income tax related to special purpose entity	25(e)	425,729	407,172
Non-current assets				Lease liability	16	213,953	208,515
Accounts receivables from related parties	26	458,602	458,875	Long-term financial obligations	17	2,133,976	2,094,917
Deferred income tax, net	18	5,828	4,496	Deferred income tax liabilities, net	18	29,424	29,628
Recoverable taxes	10	16,871	21,321	Total non-current liabilities		2,822,834	2,761,273
Facilities, furniture and equipment, net	11	12,544	11,636	Total liabilities	_	3,010,582	2,987,993
Investment properties	12	4,252,275	4,224,337				
Right-of-use assets, net	16	136,214	136,523	Equity			
Intangible assets, net		10,869	10,586	Capital stock	20	1,475,706	1,475,706
Derivative financial instrument	13 _	111,253	100,174	Unrealized results		(43,359)	(24,572)
Total non-current assets	_	5,004,456	4,967,948	Retained earnings	_	1,007,859	986,730
				Total equity		2,440,206	2,437,864
Total assets	-	5,450,788	5,425,857	Total liabilities and equity	_	5,450,788	5,425,857

Interim consolidated statements of income

For the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020

	Note	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Rental income	21	71,782	87,859
Cost of rental income	22	(10,979)	(11,478)
Net rental income		60,803	76,381
Income from management services	21	36,466	40,564
Cost related to income from management services	22	(28,610)	(35,485)
Net management service income		7,856	5,079
Gross profit		68,659	81,460
Fair value adjustment for investment properties	12(b)	12,347	7,473
Administrative expenses	23	(7,690)	(8,148)
Selling expenses	23	(4,118)	(2,821)
Other operating expenses, net		(13)	(168)
Operating profit		69,185	77,796
Financial income	24	10,789	7,289
Financial expenses	24	(40,775)	(36,705)
Exchange difference, net	27(a)(ii)	(8,729)	(7,328)
Profit before income tax		30,470	41,052
Income tax	18(a)	(9,341)	(14,369)
Net profit		21,129	26,683
Earnings per share: Basic and diluted profit for the period attributable to ordinary			
equity holders of the parent	20(b)	0.037	0.047

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ interim \ consolidated \ financial \ statements.$

Interim consolidated statements of other comprehensive income

For the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Profit for the period	21,129	26,683
Other comprehensive income		
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments at fair value through equity	23,137	(17,386)
Income tax related to special purpose entities	(6,941)	(7,561)
Total other comprehensive income of investments at fair value		
through equity	16,196	(24,947)
Unrealized loss on hedging derivative financial instrument	(31,659)	(16,456)
Income tax related to special purpose entities	(3,324)	4,937
Total other comprehensive income of derivative financial instrument	(34,983)	(11,519)
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of income tax effects	(18,787)	(36,466)
Total comprehensive income for the period	2,342	(9,783)

Interim consolidated statements of changes in equity

For the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020

	Capital stock	Unrealized results	Retained earnings	Total
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Balance as of January 1, 2020	1,475,706	33,210	1,015,710	2,524,626
Profit for the period	-	-	26,683	26,683
Other comprehensive income	-	(36,466)	-	(36,466)
Total comprehensive income	-	(36,466)	26,683	(9,783)
Other	-	-	-	-
Balance as of March 31, 2020	1,475,706	(3,256)	1,042,393	2,514,843
Balance as of January 1, 2021	1,475,706	(24,572)	986,730	2,437,864
Profit for the period	_	-	21,129	21,129
Other comprehensive income	-	(18,787)	-	(18,787)
Total comprehensive income	-	(18,787)	21,129	2,342
Other	-	-	-	-
Balance as of March 31, 2021	1,475,706	(43,359)	1,007,859	2,440,206
	-			

Interim consolidated statements of cash flows

For the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020

	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Operating activities		
Revenue	103,936	129,454
Payments of goods and services to suppliers	(38,258)	(35,739)
Payments of salaries and social benefits to employees	(9,702)	(12,145)
Taxes paid	(20,440)	(7,583)
Recovery of taxes	5,693	8,253
Other payments, net	(1,675)	(16,220)
Net cash flows from operating activities	39,554	66,020
Investing activities		
Collection of loans granted to related parties	13,881	13,881
Sale of investments at fair value through profit or loss	216,071	55,350
Purchase of investments at fair value through profit or loss	(174,881)	(69,439)
Purchase of facilities, furniture and equipment	(200)	(176)
Purchase and development of intangible assets	(727)	(191)
Purchase of investment properties	(15,591)	(33,968)
Value Added Tax payment related to investment properties	(2,806)	(6,114)
Net cash flows from (used) in investing activities	35,747	(40,657)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from interest-bearing loans and borrowings	54,500	63,400
Payment of interest-bearing loans and borrowings	(65,916)	(23,601)
Payment of lease liability	(1,909)	(750)
Interest payment of lease liability	(2,505)	(2,368)
Interests paid	(59,901)	(53,821)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(75,731)	(17,140)
Net (decrease) increase of cash and short-term deposits	(430)	8,223
Cash and short-term deposits at the beginning of the period	19,987	31,303
Cash and short-term deposits at the end of the period	19,557	39,526
Non-cash transactions		
Fixed assets purchased through leasing and other financial obligations	2,004	3,302
Investment properties purchased through leasing and other financial obligations	-	14,979
Addition of right-of-use asset	-	270

Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements (continued)

InRetail Real Estate Corp. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements (unaudited)

Interim unaudited consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 (audited) and for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020.

1. Business activity and pandemic

Business activity

InRetail Real Estate Corp. (hereinafter "the Company") is a holding entity incorporated in April 2012 in the Republic of Panama, subsidiary of InRetail Perú Corp. The latter is subsidiary of Intercorp Retail Inc., which in turn is a subsidiary of Intercorp Peru Ltd. (a holding company incorporated in The Bahamas, hereinafter "Intercorp Perú"), which is the ultimate holding Company of "Intercorp Peru Group" or the "Group", which refers to Intercorp Perú Ltd. and its subsidiaries.

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 Intercorp Perú holds directly and indirectly 70.85 percent of the capital stock of InRetail Perú Corp., which in turn holds 100 percent of the capital stock of the Company.

Its management and administrative offices are located at Av. Punta del Este 2403, Jesús Maria, Lima, Perú. However, the Company's legal address is 50 Street and 74 Street, floor 16 "PH" Building, San Francisco, Republic of Panama.

The Company and its Subsidiaries, Patrimonio en Fideicomiso – D.S.N° 093-2002-EF-InRetail Shopping Malls, Patrimonio en Fideicomiso – D.S.N° 093-2002-EF-Interproperties Holding, Patrimonio en Fideicomiso – D.S.N° 093-2002-EF-Interproperties Holding II and Real Plaza S.R.L. (hereinafter and together, "InRetail Real Estate"), are dedicated to the operation of shopping malls as well as real estate development. InRetail Real Estate operations are concentrated in Perú.

Pandemic

In March 2020, the World Health Agency "WHO" declared the coronavirus outbreak as a pandemic. The Company and its Subsidiaries have taken all the appropriate measures to safeguard the health of workers and ensure their critical processes.

From March 16 to June 21, 2020, the shopping centers were partially closed, only the stores related to essential services such as: supermarkets, pharmacies and banks remained open; for this reason, during this period the Company and its Subsidiaries granted discounts to their tenants for income and other related services. At the end of June, the opening of stores that sell non essential services was authorized. Malls have to comply with the restriction ruled by the government, which included maximum capacity in malls.

On January 26, 2021, the government of Peru announced new quarantine measures for the country to contain the virus, applying different measures in each region according to four different alert levels: extreme, very high, high and moderate. Measures were initially applicable for 15 days, from January 31, 2021 to February 15, 2021, but were extended to February 28, 2021. In this context, shopping centers in extreme risk regions were only allowed to operate essential retail and e-commerce. Shopping centers in other risk level regions were allowed to operate non-essential retail, but maximum visitor capacity was reduced to levels between 20% and 60%.

On February 24, 2021, the government of Peru announced the lifting of the quarantine measures in the country from March 1, 2021 to March 14, 2021. During this period, all shopping centers were allowed to operate both essential and non-essential retail, but with restrictions on maximum visitor capacity between 20% and 60% which varied depending on the tenant and risk level in each region. These effects are included in the consolidated financial statements.

On April 14, 2021, the Peruvian Government announced that, due to the increase in infections, several regions of the country would return to extreme risk, where the allowed capacity in shopping centers will be 20 percent, which will be in force from April 19 to May 5, 2021.

In the opinion of the Company's Management and its Subsidiaries, the Company has sufficient liquidity and debt capacity to meet its obligations; as well as to continue operations.

The consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021, were approved by the Board of Directors on May 13, 2021.

2. Subsidiaries activities

Following is the description of the Company's main Subsidiaries' activities:

- (a) Patrimonio en Fideicomiso D.S.N°093-2002-EF-InRetail Shopping Malls is a Special Purpose Entity (SPE) formed on July 2014, for the purpose of holding certificates of participation of Patrimonio en Fideicomiso D.S.N°093-2002-EF-Interproperties Holding and Patrimonio en Fideicomiso D.S.N°093—2002-EF-Interproperties Holding II and 100 percent of capital stock of Real Plaza S.R.L.
- (b) Patrimonio en Fideicomiso –D.S. N°093-2002-EF-Interproperties Holding and Patrimonio en Fideicomiso-D.S. N°093-2002-EF-Interproperties Holding II (hereinafter "Interproperties Holding" and "Interproperties Holding II", respectively).

Interproperties Holding and Interproperties Holding II are two Special Purpose Entities (SPEs) formed for the purpose of holding the certificates of participation of Patrimonio en Fideicomiso –D.S. N° 093-2002-EF-Interproperties Perú (hereinafter "Interproperties Perú"), which is a trust fund formed with the purpose of holding the real estate assets of InRetail Real Estate to obtain the necessary funding for developing investment plans.

Additionally, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, Interproperties Holding II owns 100 percent of participation in the assets of Patrimonio Fideicometido – D.S. N° 093-2002-EF-Interproperties Puerta del Sol which is a special purpose entity formed to own and handle Real Plaza Cusco "San Antonio" Shopping Mall.

(c) Real Plaza S.R.L. (hereinafter "Real Plaza")

An entity focused on operating the shopping malls (21 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020) and maintaining and developing relationships with the tenants. Real Plaza operates under the name of "Real Plaza Shopping Mall".

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, Real Plaza manages shopping malls in Chiclayo, Piura, Chimbote, Trujillo, Huancayo, Arequipa, Juliaca, Huánuco, Cusco, Cajamarca, Pucallpa and Lima.

(d) Centro Comercial Estación Central S.A. Company dedicated to the management of the shopping center located in the central station of Metropolitan Buses.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies

3.1 Basis of preparation and presentation

The interim consolidated financial statements of InRetail Real Estate have been prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim financial reporting". Also, the accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the InRetail Real Estate's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 which were audited. Therefore, these interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with such audited consolidated financial statements.

The interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit and loss, financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income, investment properties and derivative financial instruments, which have been measured at fair value. The interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Soles and all values are rounded to the nearest thousands of Soles (S/(000)), except where otherwise indicated.

The interim consolidated financial statements do not include all information and disclosures required for annual consolidated financial statements and should be read together with consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2020.

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, see note 2.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which InRetail Real Estate obtains control, and are consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the Subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent Company, using consistent accounting policies. All intra-group balances, transactions and unrealized gains and losses resulting from intra group transactions have been eliminated in full.

The non-controlling interest has been determined in proportion to the participation of minority shareholders in the net equity and the results of the subsidiaries in which they hold shares, and they are presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position, the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Losses in a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

3.2 New standards and interpretations adopted by InRetail Real Estate

Several standards and amendments have come into effect from January 1, 2020; however, in the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management, they have no impact on the accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021.

The standards and amendments, and improvements to the standards that are issued, and effective up to the date of issuance of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

(i) Amendments to IFRS 3 "Business combinations": Reference to the Conceptual Framework In May 2020, the IASB issued Amendments to IFRS 3, intended to replace a reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements, issued in 1989 with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in March 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The Board also added an exception to the recognition principle of IFRS 3 to avoid the issue of potential 'Day 2' gain or losses arising for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21 "Levies", if uncured separately.

At the same time, the Board decided to clarify existing guidance in IFRS 3 for contingent assets that would not be affected by replacing the reference to the Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and apply prospectively.

Since the amendments apply prospectively to transactions or other events that occur on or after the date of the first application, the InRetail Real Estate Group will not be affected by these amendments on transition.

(ii) Modifications to IAS 1 "Presentation of financial statements" Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to paragraphs 69 to 76 of IAS 1 to specify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments clarify: (i) what is meant by a right to defer settlement; (ii) that a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period; (iii) that classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right; and, (iv) that only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and must be applied retrospectively.

The InRetail Real Estate Group is currently assessing the impact the amendments will have on current practice and whether existing loan agreements may require renegotiation.

(iii) Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment": Proceeds before intended Use

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 16, which prohibits entities deducting fom the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognizes the proceeds from selling such items, and the costs of producing those items, in profit or loss. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and must be applied retrospectively to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented when the entity first applies the amendment.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the InRetail Real Estate Group.

(iv) Amendments to IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets": Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract

In May 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 37 to specify which costs an entity needs to include when assessing whether a contract is onerous or loss-making. The amendments apply a "directly related cost approach". The costs that relate directly to a contract to provide goods or services include both incremental costs and an allocation of costs directly related to contract activities. General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022.

The InRetail Real Estate Group will apply these amendments to contracts for which it has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments.

(v) Annual Improvements (2018-2020 cycle)

As part of its 2018-2020 annual improvement to IFRS standards process, the IASB issued the following amendments:

- IFRS 1 "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards": Subsidiary as a first-time adopter

The amendment permits a subsidiary that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS1 to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent, based on the parent's date of transition to IFRS. This amendment is also applied to an associate or joint venture that elects to apply paragraph D16(a) of IFRS 1. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier adoption permitted.

- IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments": Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities. The amendment clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier adoption permitted.
- IAS 41 "Agriculture": Taxation in fair value measurements

 The amendment removes the requirement in paragraph 22 of IAS 41 that entities exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring the fair value of assets within the scope of IAS 41. An entity applies the amendment prospectively to fair value measurements on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 January 2022 with earlier adoption permitted.

In the Management's opinion, these standards will not have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements of the InRetail Real Estae Group.

3.3 Significant estimations and assumptions

InRetail Real Estate's Management has used certain estimates and assumptions for the preparation of the interim consolidated financial statements, such as the method of depreciation, useful lives and residual values of facilities, furniture and equipment, fair value of investment properties, impairment of non-financial assets and taxes estimation; therefore, the final results could differ from the amounts recorded by InRetail Real Estate.

4. Cash and cash equivalent

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Cash	50	50
Current accounts (b)	19,507	19,937
Total	19,557	19,987

(b) The current accounts comprise accounts in Soles and US Dollars, in local financial institutions, free of liens, unrestricted and do not bear interests.

5. Investments at fair value through equity

As of March 31, 2021, the Company has other investments at fair value through equity for an amount of US\$57,901,000 equivalent to S/217,593,000 (US\$53,658,000 equivalent to S/194,456,000 as of December 31, 2020).

6. Investments at fair value through profit or loss

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

Entity	As of March 31, 2021 S/(000)	As of December 31, 2020 S/(000)
Mutual funds managed by Sura S.A. SAF	108,195	143,684
Mutual funds managed by Credifondos S.A. SAF	520	5,650
Total	108,715	149,334

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, these mutual funds have been invested in a portfolio of financial instruments issued by renowned financial institutions of the local market. The results from this valuation are presented in the "Financial income" caption of the consolidated statement of income.

7. Trade receivables, net

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021 S/(000)	As of December 31, 2020 S/(000)
Rents receivable (b)	42,576	35,324
Unbilled services (c)	7,143	12,476
Documents receivable	9,050	7,328
Total trade receivables	58,769	55,128
Allowance for doubtful accounts (e)	(20,689)	(20,068)
Total trade receivables, net	38,080	35,060

⁽b) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, trade accounts receivable are denominated in Soles and US Dollars, have current maturities and do not accrue interest.

- (c) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, mainly corresponds to unbilled lease services for variable and fixed rents, which are billed during the following month.
- (d) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 the analysis of trade receivables is as follows:

	Baland	ce as of March 31, 202	21
	Non-impaired	Impaired	Total
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Unbilled services	7,143	-	7,143
Not past-due	4,277	-	4,277
Past-due			
From 1 to 90 days	22,827	3,732	26,559
From 91 to 120 days	1,628	1,397	3,025
From 121 to 180 days	702	1,344	2,046
From 181 to 270 days	597	1,506	2,103
More than 271 days	906	12,710	13,616
Total	38,080	20,689	58,769

	Balance as of December 31, 2020		
	Non-impaired S/(000)	Impaired S/(000)	Total S/(000)
Unbilled services	12,476	-	12,476
Not past-due	4,349	241	4,590
Past-due			
From 1 to 90 days	16,051	2,389	18,440
From 91 to 120 days	765	852	1,617
From 121 to 180 days	799	1,896	2,695
From 181 to 270 days	238	1,909	2,147
More than 271 days	382	12,781	13,163
Total	35,060	20,068	55,128

Past-due trade accounts receivable mainly correspond to tenants, who hold current contracts at the date of this report and operate in the shopping malls. Likewise, the past-due accounts which have a payment agreement are considered as non-impaired; therefore they do not represent risk of uncollectibility.

(e) The movement of the provision for impairment as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Balance at the beginning of the year	20,068	9,448
Provision recognized as period expense, note 23(b)	7,512	931
Recoveries, note 23(b)	(6,891)	(320)
Exchange difference	-	-
Balance at the end of the period	20,689	10,059
Balance as of December 31, 2020		20,068

In the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management, the provision for impairment appropriately covers the credit risk as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

8. Other receivables

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021 S/(000)	As of December 31, 2020 S/(000)
By type: Outstanding advances (b)	294	286
Fund retained - Banco de la Nación (c)	3,693	5,895
Others	386	409
Total	4,373	6,590

- (b) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, corresponds to advances given to suppliers related to projects for the investment properties.
- (c) In accordance with Superintendence Resolution N°183-2004/SUNAT, funds held in Banco de la Nación must be used exclusively for the payments of tax debts, or it is possible to request a cash reimbursement. In the case of the Company and its Subsidiaries, these funds have been used entirely for tax payments.
- (d) In the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management, it is not necessary to make a provision for impairment as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, as no credit risk has been identified.

9. Prepaid expenses

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	
	S/(000)	S/(000)	
Insurance paid in advance (b)	1,183	171	
Municipal taxes prepaid (c)	4,195	-	
Others	1,006	231	
Total	6,384	402	
By term:			
Current	6,384	402	
Non-current			
Total	6,384	402	

- (b) Corresponds mainly to insurance payments on properties of the Company and its Subsidiaries.
- (c) Corresponds mainly to municipal taxes prepaid for real estate.

10. Recoverable taxes

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	
	S/(000)	S/(000)	
By type:			
Tax credit for value-added-tax (b)	27,551	26,941	
Income tax payment	1,280	1,835	
Others	1,116	1,128	
Total	29,947	29,904	
By term:			
Current	13,076	8,583	
Non-current	16,871	21,321	
Total	29,947	29,904	

(b) Corresponds to the tax credit for value-added-tax originated mainly from the development and construction of the shopping malls of Lima and provinces, as well as from other payments related to the operations of Interproperties Holding and Interproperties Holding II (SPE's). In the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management, this tax credit will be recovered off-setting it against the balances payable of said tax generated mainly by the rental income from InRetail Real Estate's properties.

Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements (continued)

11. Facilities, furniture and equipment, net

(a) The movement of cost and accumulated depreciation is presented below:

	Facilities	Furniture and fixtures	Transport units	Equipment miscellaneous	Total
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Cost					
Balance as of January 1, 2021	7,263	4,225	506	22,636	34,630
Additions	-	1	-	2,203	2,204
Transfer	1	-	(1)	-	-
Disposals and/or sales	-	-	(155)	-	(155)
Balance as of March 31, 2021	7,264	4,226	350	24,839	36,679
Accumulated depreciation					
Balance as of January 1, 2021	5,766	3,570	298	13,360	22,994
Depreciation of the period, Note 23(b)	54	41	17	1,153	1,265
Disposals and/or sales	-	-	(124)	-	(124)
Balance as of March 31, 2021	5,820	3,611	191	14,513	24,135
Net cost as of March 31, 2021	1,444	615	159	10,326	12,544
Net cost as of December 31, 2020	1,497	655	208	9,276	11,636

⁽b) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, there are no pledges or guarantees provided to third parties on the facilities, furniture and equipment of InRetail Real Estate.

⁽c) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, InRetail Real Estate's Management performed an assessment of the facilities, furniture and equipment, and has not found any impairment indicator on those assets. In its opinion, the book value of the facilities, furniture and equipment is recoverable with the income generated by InRetail Real Estate.

12. Investment properties

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31,	As of December 31,
	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Real Plaza Puruchuco shopping mall	639,154	638,809
Real Plaza Salaverry shopping mall (i)	486,440	485,624
Real Plaza Cusco shopping mall (i)	330,247	319,745
Real Plaza Chiclayo shopping mall	320,783	318,403
Real Plaza Piura shopping mall	271,085	270,917
Real Plaza Trujillo shopping mall	244,171	243,871
Real Plaza Centro Cívico shopping mall (i)	240,751	240,019
Real Plaza Primavera shopping mall	234,630	234,446
Real Plaza Huancayo shopping mall (i)	159,897	159,821
Real Plaza Pucallpa shopping mall	137,133	136,762
Real Plaza Huánuco shopping mall (i)	132,949	132,887
Real Plaza Santa Clara shopping mall	131,132	130,483
Real Plaza Pro shopping mall	116,279	116,138
Real Plaza Cajamarca shopping mall	101,326	101,234
Real Plaza Juliaca shopping mall (i)	96,051	95,976
Real Plaza Chorrillos shopping mall	79,020	78,902
Real Plaza Arequipa shopping mall (i)	76,864	76,685
Real Plaza Sullana shopping mall	54,334	53,848
Real Plaza Nuevo Chimbote shopping mall	47,021	46,425
Jirón de la Unión	14,353	14,262
Others (ii)	338,655	329,080
Total	4,252,275	4,224,337

- (i) For the construction of these shopping malls and properties, surface rights contracts were subscribed with the Arzobispado de Cusco (on land in Cusco "San Antonio"), Municipalidad provincial de Huánuco (on land of "Real Plaza Huánuco" shopping mall), Oficina de Normalización Provisional ONP (Centro Cívico), Ferrovías Central Andina S.A. (Huancayo), the Association denominated "Religiosas del Sagrado Corazón de Jesús" (Arequipa), Ferrocarril Trasandino S.A. (Juliaca), and the Marina de Guerra del Perú (Salaverry). The terms of these contracts range from 20 to 70 years.
- (ii) Corresponds mainly to lands on which real estate projects will be developed, mainly shopping malls branded "Real Plaza". In the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management the book values of these investment properties do not differ significantly from their fair values as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

"Real Plaza" shopping malls comprise a hypermarket, department store, home improvement store, commercial premises, a cinema complex and entertainment zone for which there have been subscribed contracts that include minimum monthly fixed rental payments and variable rent based on the retail sales of the tenants.

(b) The movement of this caption for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is as follows:

	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Balance at the beginning of the year	4,224,337	4,210,315
Additions	15,591	48,947
Fair value adjustment	12,347	7,473
Balance at the end of the period	4,252,275	4,266,735
Balance as of December 31, 2020		4,224,337

The fair value of the investment properties has been determined by InRetail Real Estate's Management on the basis of the discounted cash flows method and/or by the value assigned by an independent appraiser in the case of the land of investment properties under construction and for those held to operate in the future. The valuation is prepared on an aggregate and deleveraged basis. In order to estimate the fair value of investment properties, Management has used its market knowledge and professional judgment, aside from historical comparable transactions.

13. Derivative financial instrument

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, this item comprises a principal Call Spread. The Call Spread contract was designated to hedge cash flows and was recorded at its fair value. The detail of this operation is as follows:

				Book value of		
			Pay fix rate	the hedged	Fair value	Fair value
Counterparty	Nominal value	Due	at	item	2021	2020
	US\$(000)		%	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
J.P. Morgan (a)	350,000	April 2028	1.05	1,312,500	111,253	100,174
Total					111,253	100,174

(a) In March 2018, Patrimonio en Fideicomiso D.S. 093-2002-EF InRetail Shopping Malls, Subsidiary of the Company, decided to carry out hedging operations through a Foreign Currency Call Spread for the financial obligations it holds for the "Senior Notes Unsecured", that were issued in April 2018. From the date of issue of the "Senior Notes Unsecured" for the purposes of IFRS 9, it was classified as an effective hedging instrument.

This instrument covers 100 percent of the exposure in foreign currency of the principal of the issuance and protects exchange rate variations between S/3.26 and S/3.75 per US\$1.00. The premium price was financed in installments equal to the issuance.

14. Trade payables

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021 S/(000)	As of December 31, 2020 S/(000)
Bills payable to third parties (b)	14,548	61,131
Provision of services unbilled (c)	39,911	8,385
Total	54,459	69,516
By term:		
Current	49,362	64,021
Non-current	5,097	5,495
	54,459	69,516

- (b) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, trade payables mainly comprise the liabilities with contractors for the construction works and/or refurbishing of shopping malls. Bills payables are denominated in Soles and US Dollars, do not accrue interests and their maturities don't exceed the current period.
- (c) Correspond to provisions for services received but unbilled by suppliers, mainly from services provided by construction companies. In the opinion of InRetail Real Estate's Management, provisions are enough to fulfill the liabilities once they are billed.

15. Other liabilities

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
By type:		
Interest payable (c)	4,158	30,544
Deferred income (b)	20,125	22,131
Value added tax	1,481	2,238
Deposits from third parties (d)	3,488	3,360
Workers' profit sharing	-	240
Remunerations and social benefits to be paid	3,284	2,271
Tax payables	1,695	817
Vacations	1,083	676
Other payables	11,256	10,984
Total	46,570	73,261
By term:		
Current	31,915	57,715
Non-current	14,655	15,546
Total	46,570	73,261

(b) The composition of the deferred income caption is presented below:

	As of March 31,	As of December 31,
	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Key money (b.1)	18,465	19,683
Others	1,660	2,448
Total	20,125	22,131

- (b.1) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, corresponds to the payment of key money from several tenants that operate in the Real Plaza shopping malls.
- (c) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, corresponds mainly to interest payable originated from the private offering of "Senior Notes Unsecured" maturing in 2028 and 2034 that accrue an annual interest rate of 5.75, 6.5625 and 7.875 percent.
- (d) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, it mainly corresponds to deposits from the tenants of the Real Plaza shopping malls Arequipa, Primavera, Pro, Santa Clara, Huancayo, Huánuco, Trujillo, Cajamarca, Juliaca, Salaverry, Pucallpa, Centro Cívico and Nuevo Chimbote.

These deposits do not accrue interest and will be refunded in the original currency at the end of the lease contract.

16. Leases

(a) The InRetail Real Estate Group maintains leasing contracts for land, buildings and facilities used for its operations. Leases of land, buildings and facilities generally have terms of 1 to 40 years. The InRetail Real Estate Group's obligations under its leases are guaranteed by the lessor's title of the leased assets.

Several leases include extension and termination options and variable payments. The InRetail Real Estate Group has also entered into certain leases of premises with terms of 12 months or less and leases of low-value office equipment. The InRetail Real Estate Group applies the short-term and low-value lease exemptions for this kind of leases.

(b) The movement of this caption for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	Land	Buildings infrastructure and facilities	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Cost				
Initial balance	150,864	933	151,797	150,865
Additions	1,573	-	1,573	932
Final balance	152,437	933	153,370	151,797
Accumulated depreciation				
Initial balance	14,749	525	15,274	7,663
Additions. Note 22(a)	1,817	65	1,882	7,611
Final balance	16,566	590	17,156	15,274
Net book value	135,871	343	136,214	136,523

Depreciation expense for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, was recorded as follows in the income statement:

	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Cost of sales, Note 22 (a)	1,882	1,886
Balance as of March 31,	1,882	1,886
Balance as of December 31, 2020		7,611

Notes to the interim consolidated financial statements (continued)

(c) The movement of the lease liability caption, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, is as follows:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	
	S/(000)	S/(000)	
Initial balance	212,085	202,626	
Additions	1,573	932	
Increase for accrued interest, Note 24	2,505	9,694	
Amortization	(3,734)	(14,107)	
Exchange difference	5,601	12,940	
Final balance	218,030	212,085	
Current	4,077	3,570	
Non-current	213,953	208,515	
Final balance	218,030	212,085	

Additionally, in the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, interest related to the lease liability of S/2,505,000 and S/2,368,000 respectively, has been accrued.

17. Financial obligations

(a) The composition of this caption is presented below:

						To	otal	Cu	rrent	Non-	current
	Original		Final			As of March	As of December	As of March	As of December	As of March	As of December
Type of Obligation	currency	Interest Rate %	maturity	Original	Amount	31, 2021	31, 2020	31, 2021	31, 2020	31, 2021	31, 2020
				US\$ (000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Bonds issuance											
Senior Notes Unsecured (b)	USD	5.750	2028	350,000	-	1,241,400	1,195,204	-	-	1,241,400	1,195,204
Senior Notes Unsecured (c)	PEN	7.875	2034	-	141,000	135,607	135,588	-	-	135,607	135,588
Senior Notes Unsecured (b)	PEN	6.563	2028	-	313,500	310,290	310,202	-	-	310,290	310,202
				350,000	454,500	1,687,297	1,640,994			1,687,297	1,640,994
Leasings Related entities											
Banco Internacional del Perú-Interbank	USD	4.530	2022	50	-	54	60	32	31	22	29
Non-related entities											
Scotiabank Perú S.A.A. (f)	PEN	5.510	2025	-	380,000	359,654	367,378	30,910	30,897	328,744	336,481
Hewlett Packard S.A.	USD	Between 2.180 and 6.200	2021 - 2024	3,162	-	7,017	5,752	3,376	2,766	3,641	2,986
CSI Renting	USD	Between 4.530 and 9.500	2021- 2023	301	-	345	404	262	288	83	116
				3,513	380,000	367,070	373,594	34,580	33,982	332,490	339,612
Promissory notes and loans Related entities											
Banco Internacional del Perú-Interbank	PEN	1.760	2021	-	35,000	-	35,000	-	35,000	-	-
Banco Internacional del Perú-Interbank	PEN	1.650	2021	-	54,500	54,500	-	54,500	-	-	-
Non-related entities											
Scotiabank Perú S.A.A. (d)	PEN	5.250	2027	-	50,000	47,182	48,414	4,931	4,930	42,251	43,484
Banco de Crédito del Perú (e)	PEN	1.480	2023	_	10,000	10,000	10,000	4,129	2,884	5,871	7,116
Scotiabank Perú S.A.A.	PEN	2.070	2021	-	17,500	-	17,500	-	17,500	-	-
Call Spread financing, Note 13											
JP. Morgan	USD	10.205	2028	23,440	-	69,609	70,418	3,542	6,707	66,067	63,711
				23,440	167,000	181,291	181,332	67,102	67,021	114,189	114,311
Total				376,953	1,001,500	2,235,658	2,195,920	101,682	101,003	2,133,976	2,094,917

(b) In April 2018, Patrimonio en Fideicomiso D.S. 093-2002-EF InRetail Shopping Malls, Subsidiary of the Company, issued debt instruments ("Notes") denominated in US Dollars through a private offer to institutional investors under Rule 144A and Regulation S, for US\$350,000,000, equivalent to S/1,315,300,000 as of March 31, 2021 (S/1,268,400,000 as of December 31, 2020) that accrues an annual interest of 5.75 percent, with a maturity of 10 years, with semi-annual interest payments and the principal in a single installment upon maturity of the securities. This borrowing was recorded in the consolidated financial statement at amortized cost to an effective interest rate of 6.752 percent, after considering the respective up-front fees that amounted to US\$19,665,000 equivalent to approximately S/73,900,000 as of March 31, 2021 (US\$20,198,000 equivalent to approximately S/73,196,000 as of December 31, 2020).

Additionally, in April 2018, the Company's Subsidiary issued debt instruments ("Notes") denominated in Soles for S/313,500,000 that bear an annual interest rate of 6.5625 percent, maturing in 10 years and paying semiannual interest and the principal in a single installment at the expiration of the securities. This borrowing was recorded in the consolidated financial statement at amortized cost to an effective interest rate of 6.730 percent, after considering the respective up-front fees that amounted to S/3,210,000 as of March 31, 2021 (S/3,298,000 as of December 31, 2020).

As a result of these issues, InRetail Shopping Malls must comply, until maturity and full payment, with certain obligations and covenants for these transactions.

In the context of the pandemic, in the quarter ended March 31, 2021, the EBITDA/interest expense covenant was 1.2 (1.6 as of December 31, 2020), below the limit established by the bond Indenture, without this implying a breach of the obligations assumed by the Company. In the opinion of Management, this ratio will be regularized progressively as the quarantines are lifted.

All the other covenants from the bond issuance have been complied satisfactorily and are within the agreed limits as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

- (c) In July 2014, InRetail Real Estate Corp. issued, through InRetail Shopping Malls, an offering in the local market and abroad of "Senior Notes Unsecured" for S/141,000,000, due in July 2034, at a 7.875 percent nominal interest rate. This borrowing was recorded in the consolidated financial statement at amortized cost to an effective interest rate of 7.988 percent, after considering the respective up-front fees that amounted to S/1,393,000 as of March 31, 2021 (S/1,412,000 as of December 31, 2020). Additionally, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the balance is presented net of S/4,000,000 corresponding to the notes of this issuance held by InRetail Shopping Malls. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the balance of this loan is S/135,607,000 and S/135,588,000, respectively.
- (d) In October 2019, the Company entered into a new loan agreement with Scotiabank del Perú S.A.A. for S/50,000,000. In February 2020, the term of the debt was restructured for a period of seven years, payable in quarterly installments and with accrued annual interest rate of 5.25 percent.
 - This obligation was recorded in the consolidated financial statements at amortized cost with an effective annual interest rate of 5.442 percent after considering the respective initial charge of approximately S/318,000 as of March 31, 2021 (S/336,000 as of December 31, 2020).
- (e) In May 2020, the Company obtained a new loan under the "Reactiva Peru" program with Banco de Crédito del Perú for the amount of S/10,000,000 with an interest rate of 1.48 percent per year, maturing in 2023, including a grace period (non-capitalized interest in the first year).

(f) In December, 2020, the disbursement of the financial lease mainly for the construction of the Puruchuco shopping center with Banco Scotiabank del Perú S.A.A. was completed, for a total amount of S/380,000,000 and which will be paid in quarterly installments that accrue an interest of 5.510 percent annually and with maturity in 2025.

This obligation was recorded in the consolidated financial statements at amortized cost with an effective annual interest rate of 5.899 percent after considering the respective initial charge of approximately S/4,346,000 as of (S/4,622,000 as of December 31, 2020).

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the InRetail Real Estate and subsidiaries have complied with the financial requirements ("covenants"), except for the net interest coverage ratio and the debt service coverage ratio committed by InRetail Real Estate and subsidiaries, which as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020 were below the minimum required. However, InRetail Real Estate obtained the respective waiver and, in that sense, as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the debt classification has been made in accordance with the payment schedule originally agreed with the bank.

(g) Financial obligations are payable as follows:

	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
2021	90,608	101,003
2022	51,877	50,814
2023	47,733	46,751
2024	45,420	45,082
2025	258,632	258,268
2026 onwards	1,741,388	1,694,002
Total	2,235,658	2,195,920

18. Income tax

(a) The Deferred Income Tax assets and liabilities presented in the consolidated statements as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, as well as those presented in the consolidated statement of income for the three months periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, are detailed as follows:

Statements of financial position	As of Marc	h 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020	
	Assets S/(000)	Liabilities S/(000)	Assets S/(000)	Liabilities S/(000)
Real Plaza S.R.L.	5,822	-	4,491	-
Inversiones Real Estate S.A.	-	632	-	632
Centro Comercial Estación Central S.A.	6	-	5	-
Inmobiliaria Puerta del Sol S.A.		28,792	<u>-</u>	28,996
Total	5,828	29,424	4,496	29,628

Statements of comprehensive income	Income tax for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 and 2020			
	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)		
Current	(10,877)	(14,163)		
Deferred	1,536	(206)		
Total	(9,341)	(14,369)		

19. Commitments

As of March 31, 2021, corresponds to guarantee letters in favor of third parties for approximately \$/8,714,000 and US\$3,964,000 (\$/9,240,000 and US\$3,972,000 as of December 31, 2020), which guarantee the compliance of obligations from contractual agreements related to the real estate projects of Interproperties Holding and Interproperties Holding II.

20. Equity

(a) Capital stock

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the capital stock of InRetail Real Estate Corp. amounts to S/1,475,706,000 approximately, represented by 568,201,039 shares, issued at a nominal value of US\$1.00 each.

(b) Earnings per share

Earnings per share are calculated by dividing the income of the period attributable to the common shareholders of InRetail Real Estate Corp. by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Because outstanding instruments with dilutive effect are not held, basic and diluted earnings per share are the same.

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share is presented as follows:

	Ordinary shares			
	Outstanding shares	Effective days until period-end	Weighted average of shares	
Number as of January 1, 2020	568,201,039		568,201,039	
Number as of March 31, 2020	568,201,039	90	568,201,039	
Number as of January 1, 2021	568,201,039		568,201,039	
Number as of March 31, 2021	568,201,039	90	568,201,039	
	For the three- Net income (numerator)	month period ended Ma Shares (denominator)	Earnings per share S/	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	21,129,000	568,201,039	0.037	
	For the tree-n Net income (numerator) S/	nonth period ended Ma Shares (denominator)	rch 31, 2020 Earnings per share S/	
Basic and diluted earnings per share	26,683,000	568,201,039	0.047	

21. Income from real estate service

(a) The composition of the balance for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Rental income		
Rental income (b)	69,001	82,637
Rent of space for publicity	1,438	3,537
Key money	1,343	1,685
Total	71,782	87,859
Income from management services		
Common expenses (c)	18,678	17,764
Electricity and water (d)	11,428	14,665
Promotion and advertisement (e)	4,147	4,531
Parking	694	2,378
Management services	271	242
Others	1,248	984
Total	36,466	40,564

(b) As of March 31, 2021 and 2020, corresponds to rental income from the economic exploitation of the "Real Plaza" shopping malls.

The composition of the rental income is presented below:

	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Fixed rental income	55,815	71,634
Variable rental income	13,186	11,003
Total	69,001	82,637

- (c) Corresponds to income from common expenses including expenses of maintenance, safety management and supervision of shopping malls, which are billed to each tenant according to the terms established in the lease contract.
- (d) Corresponds to income from electricity and water that are assumed by the Company and are then billed to every tenant of the shopping malls.
- (e) Corresponds to income from advertising and promotional activities of the Real Plaza shopping malls, which are billed to every tenant of the shopping malls according to the terms established in the lease contract.

22. Costs of rental income and management services

(a) The composition of this caption for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

	2021 S/(000)	2020 S/(000)
Cost of rental income		
Cost of variable lease (b)	2,509	3,575
Depreciation from right-of-use asset, Note 16(b)	1,882	1,886
Property tax and duties	4,573	4,295
Property insurance costs	1,815	1,535
Others	200	187
Total	10,979	11,478
Cost related to income from management services		
Electricity and water	10,011	13,389
Maintenance and administration of parking lot	4,450	4,765
Advertising and marketing	1,481	4,261
Personnel expenses	4,698	4,315
Cleaning services	2,351	3,762
Safety services	2,861	3,600
Leases, professional fees and communications	2,261	1,002
Other costs	497	391
Total	28,610	35,485

⁽b) Corresponds to the leases of land over which Interproperties Holding and Interproperties Holding II have built or have a shopping mall under construction.

23. Selling and administrative expenses

(a) The composition of this caption for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

	2021	2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Administrative expenses	7,690	8,148
Selling expenses	4,118	2,821
Total	11,808	10,969
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

(b) The components of operating expenses included in the selling and administrative expenses captions are presented below:

_	2021		
	Selling	Administrative	Total
	expenses	expenses	Total
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
	2.24.0	2.000	6.040
Personnel expenses	2,210	3,808	6,018
Depreciation, Note 11 (a)	-	1,265	1,265
Amortization	-	444	444
Services provided by third parties	223	1,952	2,175
Allowance for doubtful accounts, Note 7 (e)	7,512	-	7,512
Allowance for doubtful accounts related	1,047	-	1,047
Recovery of allowance for doubtful accounts, Note 7 (e)	(6,891)	-	(6,891)
Other charges	17	221	238
Total	4,118	7,690	11,808

	2020		
	Selling expenses	Administrative expenses	Total
	S/(000)	S/(000)	S/(000)
Personnel expenses	1,817	4,949	6,766
Depreciation, Note 11 (a)	-	1,136	1,136
Amortization	-	249	249
Services provided by third parties	325	1,469	1,794
Allowance for doubtful accounts, Note 7 (e)	931	-	931
Recovery of allowance for doubtful accounts, Note 7 (e)	(320)	-	(320)
Other charges	68	345	413
Total	2,821	8,148	10,969

24. Financial income and expenses

(a) The composition of this caption for the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 is presented below:

2021	2020
S/(000)	S/(000)
38	95
6,929	7,031
3,495	-
216	24
111	139
10,789	7,289
2021	2020
S/(000)	S/(000)
26,091	24,929
6,611	4,162
2,365	2,131
2,469	2,272
2,505	2,368
734	843
	\$/(000) 38 6,929 3,495 216 111 10,789 2021 \$/(000) 26,091 6,611 2,365 2,469 2,505

25. Tax situation

(a) InRetail Real Estate Corp. is incorporated in Panama; therefore, it is not subject to any Income Tax.

Entities and individuals not domiciled in Peru are subject to retention of an additional tax on dividends received. In this regard, attention to Legislative Decree N° 1261, published on December 10, 2017 and effective from January 1, 2017, the additional tax on dividend income generated is as follows:

- 4.1 percent of the profits generated until December 31, 2014.
- 6.8 percent for the profits generated in the years 2015 and 2016.
- 5.0 percent for the profits generated since January 1, 2017.
- (b) Real Plaza and Inmobiliaria Puerta del Sol are domiciled in Perú and are subject to the Peruvian tax system and, in compliance with current Peruvian legislation calculate their income tax on the basis of their separated financial statements. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the statutory income tax rate was 29.5 percent on tax payable income, after calculating the employees' profit sharing, which according to prevailing standards is computed with a rate between 5 to 8 percent.

- (c) According to the text of the Law on Income Tax, as amended by Law 29663 and 29757, since the year 2012, among the transactions subject to capital duty, are those obtained by the indirect sale of shares of Peruvian companies. For these purposes, an indirect transfer is set when two instances occur together:
 - (i) In first place, the market value of the shares of the Peruvian society must represent 50 percent or more of the market value of non-domiciled, in any period of twelve-months and,
 - (ii) In second place, 10 percent or more of the shares of the non-resident must be sold in any twelve-month period;
- (d) Transactions entered within related parties and/or with tax heaven residents fall into the scope of the Peruvian Transfer Pricing rules. Such rules are based on the application of the arm's length principle, as understood by the OECD. It is important to mention that Transfer Pricing rules are only applicable for Income Tax purposes, and adjustments are allowed under certain conditions only. Based on the analysis of operations of InRetail Real Estate, its Management and legal advisors believe that the implementation of these standards does not generate any significant contingencies for InRetail Real Estate as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.
- (e) The Peruvian Tax Authority is legally entitled to perform tax audit procedures on local taxpayers for up to four years subsequent to the year of the presentation of the tax return. The Tax Authority is entitled to challenge the Income Tax calculation performed by such taxpayers. Following are the years subject to review by the tax authority of the Subsidiaries of InRetail Real estate Corp. incorporated in Perú:

	Income	Value added
	Tax	tax
Real Plaza S.R.L.	From 2017 to 2020	From 2016 to 2021
Inmobiliaria Puerta del Sol S.A.	From 2016 to 2020	From 2016 to 2021
Inversiones Real Estate S.A.	From 2016 to 2020	From 2016 to 2021
Centro Comercial Estación Central S.A.	From 2016 to 2020	From 2016 to 2021

In accordance with Peruvian law, InRetail Shopping Malls, Interproperties Holding and Interproperties Holding II, Special Purpose Entities, are not considered to be taxpayers due to their conditions as trusts but they attribute their obtained income, net losses and tax credits on their foreign source income to the holders of their certificates of participation. Therefore, to reflect this obligation, the Company has provisioned 30 percent of long term income tax over the profits earned to date. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, the accrued income tax amounted to S/425,729,000 and S/407,172,000, respectively.

Due to the possible interpretations that the Tax Auditory may give to the legal regulations currently in force, it is not possible to determine, to date, whether the examinations performed will or will not result in liabilities for InRetail Real Estate and its Subsidiaries. Thus, any higher tax or charges that could result from eventual tax examinations would be applied to the results of the period in which such tax or surcharge are determined.

In the opinion of the Management of InRetail Real Estate and of its legal advisors, any subsequent additional settlement of taxes would not be significant for the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

26. Transactions with related companies

(a) As a result of transactions with related parties, InRetail Real Estate presents the following balances in the consolidated statements of financial position as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020:

	As of March 31, 2021 S/(000)	As of December 31, 2020 S/(000)
Receivables	, ,	,,
InRetail Perú Corp. (d)	406,003	409,517
Tiendas Peruanas Oriente S.A.C.	4,730	6,571
Tiendas Peruanas S.A.	6,672	6,322
Homecenters Peruanos S.A. (e)	28,157	29,227
Supermercados Peruanos S.A. (e)	31,186	32,275
Bembos S.A.C.	1,672	751
Interseguro Compañía de Seguros S.A.	878	314
IR Management S.R.L.	3	320
Cineplex S.A.	3,971	3,841
Homecenters Peruanos Oriente S.A.C.	31	59
Banco Internacional del Perú S.A.A Interbank	2,758	4,127
Plaza Vea Oriente S.A.C.	288	341
InRetail Pharma S.A.	136	1,000
Mifarma S.A.C.	22	191
Other	10,649	7,516
Total	497,156	502,372
Current	38,554	43,497
Non-current	458,602	458,875
Total	497,156	502,372
	As of March 31, 2021	As of December 31, 2020
	S/(000)	S/(000)
Payables		
IR Digital S.A.C.	272	-
Supermercados Peruanos S.A.	187	215
Homecenters Peruanos S.A.	101	86
IR Management S.R.L.	-	50
InRetail Pharma S.A. (antes Eckerd Perú S.A.)	18	-
Homecenters Oriente S.A.C.	13	24
Tiendas Peruanas S.A.	11	-
Others	110	36
Total	712	411
Financial Obligations		
Leasing: Banco Internacional del Perú - Interbank	54	60

InRetail Real Estate's policy with related parties is to establish transactions on similar terms and conditions to those made with third parties.

- (b) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, InRetail Real Estate holds balances with its related entity Banco International del Perú S.A.A. Interbank in the cash and cash equivalent caption for an amount of S/8,401,000 and S/13,904,000, respectively.
- (c) Transactions with related companies have been performed under normal market conditions. The taxes that these transactions generated, as well as the calculation bases for their determination, are the usual ones in the industry and they are settled in accordance with the current tax regulations.

(d) In April 2018, InRetail Shopping Malls, subsidiary of the Company, granted a loan to InRetail Perú Corp. of S/402,500,000 that accrues an effective annual interest rate of 6.90 percent and matures in March 2028.

In March 2021 and 2020, the Company collected an interest fee of S/13,881,000 which is presented in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

For the three months ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, an interest of S/6,864,000 and S/6,902,000 was earned, respectively, which was recorded in the "financial income" caption of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Likewise, as of December 31, 2020, accumulated interest receivable of S/7,017,000, is maintained.

(e) As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, it corresponds mainly to the account receivable that Interproperties Perú maintains with Supermercados Peruanos S.A. and Homecenters Peruanos S.A. for an amount of S/29,654,000 and S/26,448,000, respectively (S/29,811,000 and S/26,564,000 as of December 31, 2020, respectively). These accounts receivable are due to the fact that Interproperties Peru acts as an intermediary between the lessor (unrelated third party) and the related companies to whom the property is leased to.

27. Financial risks management

The activities of InRetail Real Estate are exposed to a variety of financial risks, which include the effects of the changes in the exchange rates, interest rate, credit and liquidity. The program of risk management of InRetail Real Estate tries to minimize the potential adverse effects on its financial performance.

InRetail Real Estate's Board of Directors is responsible for the overall risk management approach and for the approval of the policies and strategies currently in place. The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, among others.

The most important aspects for the management of these risks are:

(a) Market risk

It is the risk that the fair values of the future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuate due to changes in market prices. Market prices comprise three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and investments in shares risk. In the case of InRetail Real Estate, the financial instruments affected by market risks include loans, which are exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk.

(i) Interest rate risk

It is the risk that the fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. InRetail Real Estate manages its interest rate risk through the obtainment of debt with fixed interest rate. As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, InRetail Real Estate does not maintain debts at variable rate, which would be exposed to the risk of change in the interest rate.

(ii) Exchange rate risk

It is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates. The exposure of InRetail Real Estate to exchange rate risk is related mainly to the operating activities of InRetail Real Estate related to rental income in foreign currency and financial obligations.

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, assets and liabilities maintained in foreign currency were the following (expressed in thousands US Dollars):

	As of March 31,	As of December
	2021	31, 2020
	US\$(000)	US\$(000)
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	1,294	1,723
Investment at fair value through profit or loss	350	1,425
Investments at fair value through equity	57,901	53,658
Trade receivables, net	480	489
Other receivables	17	15
Accounts receivables from related parties	1,923	993
Total assets	61,965	58,303
Liabilities		
Trade payables	(1,887)	(2,759)
Other liabilities	(519)	(5,607)
Accounts payable to related parties	(1)	(2)
Lease liability	(41,889)	(41,575)
Financial obligations	(350,832)	(350,948)
Total liabilities	(395,128)	(400,891)
Call Spread	350,000	350,000
Net asset position	16,837	7,412

As of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, InRetail Real Estate and its Subsidiaries have decided to reduce its exchange rate risk by entering into a hedging operation through a Call Spread written over its "Senior Notes Unsecured", which is considered an effective hedging instrument.

The Call Spread is written over a nominal amount of US\$350,000,000 as of March 31, 2021 and December 31,2020, protects it from exchange rate fluctuations between S/3.26 and S/3.75 and will be effective until maturity of the "Senior Notes Unsecured". See further detail in Note 13 and 17.

Transactions in foreign currency are performed at free market exchange rates. As of March 31, 2021, the market end of period exchange rate for transactions in US Dollars was S/3.754 per US\$1.00 bid and S/3.758 per US\$1.00 ask (S/3.618 per US\$1.00 bid and S/3.624 per US\$1.00 ask as of December 31, 2020).

For the three-month period ended as of March 31, 2021, InRetail Real Estate incurred into a net loss for exchange difference of approximately S/8,729,000 (net loss of S/7,328,000 as of December 31, 2020), which is presented in the caption "Exchange difference, net" the consolidated statements of income and other comprehensive income.

(b) Credit risk

It is the risk that a counterparty cannot comply with its obligations regarding a financial instrument or sales contract, thus generating a financial loss. InRetail Real Estate is exposed to credit risk for its operating activities (mainly accounts receivable and loans) and for its financing activities, including bank deposits.

Credit risk related to accounts receivable

The credit risk of clients is managed by Management, and it is subject to policies, procedures and controls properly established. The pending balances on accounts receivable are reviewed periodically to assure their recovery. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the date of the consolidated statement of financial position is the book value of each class of financial asset.

Credit risk related to financial instruments and bank deposits

The credit risk of bank balances is managed by Management in accordance with the policies of InRetail Real Estate. The investments of cash surpluses are performed through a first-level related financial institution. The maximum exposure to credit risk as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020, is the book value of the balances of cash and cash equivalent.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity is controlled through the matching of the maturities of assets and liabilities, the obtaining of credit lines and/or maintaining of liquidity surpluses, which allows InRetail Real Estate to develop its activities in a normal way.

Managing liquidity risk implies maintaining sufficient cash and financing availability, through a suitable amount of committed credit sources and the ability to settle transactions, mainly of indebtedness. In this matter, Management directs its efforts to maintain financing sources through the availability of credit lines.

28. Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is defined as the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction, assuming an on-going enterprise.

When a financial instrument is traded on an active and liquid market, its quoted market price in an actual transaction provides the best evidence of its fair value. When a quoted market price is not available, or may not be indicative of the fair value of the financial instrument to determine such fair value it is possible to use the current fair value of another financial instrument that is substantially similar, discounted cash flow analysis or other techniques applicable thereto, all of which are significantly affected by the assumptions applied. Although Management uses its best judgment in estimating the fair value of these financial instruments, there are inherent weaknesses in any estimation technique. As a result, the fair value may not be indicative of the net realizable value of settlement value of the financial instrument.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of the financial instruments:

(a) Financial instruments whose fair value is similar to their book value For financial assets and liabilities that are liquid or have short-term maturities (less than three-months), such as cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, accounts receivable to related parties and other receivables, trade accounts payable and other current liabilities, it is deemed that their book values are similar to their fair values.

(b) Financial instruments at fixed rate

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities at fixed rate and at amortized cost is determined by comparing the market interest rate at the moment of their initial recognition to the current market rates related to similar financial instruments. The estimated fair value of financial obligations that accrue interests is determined through discounted cash flows by using the currently available rates for debts with similar conditions, credit risk and maturities.

29. Subsequent event

The Company's Management and its Subsidiaries continue monitoring the evolution of the situation and the guidance of national and international authorities, since events beyond Management's control may arise that require modifying the established business plan. Further spread of COVID-19 and subsequent measures taken to limit the spread of the disease could affect the ability to conduct business in the normal way and therefore affect financial condition and results of operations.

30. Additional explanation for English translation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are presented on the basis of the IFRS. Certain accounting practices applied by the InRetail Group may differ in certain respects from accounting principles generally accepted in other countries. In the event of any discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.